UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/666,217	09/18/2003	Adrian C. Soncodi	1497/8/2	8473
25297 7590 09/15/2011 JENKINS, WILSON, TAYLOR & HUNT, P. A. 3100 Tower Blvd.			EXAMINER	
			HARPER, KEVIN C	
Suite 1200 DURHAM, NC 27707			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2462	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/15/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/666,217	SONCODI ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Kevin C. Harper	2462	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirn will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Ju 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
 4) Claim(s) 1-7 and 11-23 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-7 and 11-23 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the confidence Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the output of the confidence is objected to by the Examine 11).	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se on is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate	

Application/Control Number: 10/666,217 Page 2

Art Unit: 2462

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the teachings of Huang for claims 1-7 and 11-23 have been considered and are persuasive. A new ground of rejection is provided below.

Applicants arguments with respect to Schneider have been considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argued that the combination including Schneider fails to disclose redundant or standby servers connected by geographically separate LAN segments. However, the teachings of Schneider with the combination of references provides a teaching and motivation for active and redundant call servers which are geographically distributed and connected to the same LAN that comprises first and second LAN segments. Schneider provides motivation for any two devices belonging to an entity to communication on the same LAN (fig. 1).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1-2, 5-7, 15-17 and 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaffer et al. (US 20050058061) in view of Tester et al. (US 7,286,545) Schneider et al. (US 2004/0063499), Wiget (US 6,640,251) and Sarmiento et al. (US 2002/0191616).

1. Regarding claims 1-2, 5-7, 15-17 and 20-21, Shaffer discloses a redundant telephony call processing system comprising active and standby telephony call processing hosts (figs. 1 and 5, items 108; para. 5) in a packet network (item 101) for carrying messages for the processing

Application/Control Number: 10/666,217

Art Unit: 2462

hosts. Further regarding claim 15, N=1 and a third backup processing host is provided (para. 22, last four lines).

Page 3

- 2. However, Shaffer does not specifically disclose that the processing hosts are geographically distributed. Tester discloses that call servers (fig. 1, items 12) are geographically distributed in a packet network (item 10; col. 9, lines 24-40). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have geographically distributed call servers in the invention of Shaffer in order to provide fault tolerance (Tester, col. 9, lines 24-40).
- 3. Further, Shaffer in view of Tester does not disclose a LAN connecting the call processing hosts via a LAN bridged over a WAN. Schneider discloses geographically distributed servers (fig. 1, items 14, 29) connected to respective LANs (items 18) bridged by a WAN (item 12). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have call processing hosts connected to LANs bridged by WANs in the invention of Shaffer in view of Tester in order to provide a geographically distributed network belonging to a single company (Schneider, para. 3; note: company owning several geographically separated casinos; para. 13, lines 1-10).
- 4. Further, Shaffer in view of Tester and Schneider does not disclose one IP subnet for the separated segments of a LAN. Wiget discloses separated LAN segments that have the same IP subnet (fig. 1; col. 1, lines 29-31; col. 3, line 66 through col. 4, line 1). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have a single IP subnet for separated segments of a LAN in the invention of Shaffer in view of Tester and Schneider in order to provide easy in assigning IP addresses (Wiget, col. 1, lines 29-31).

Art Unit: 2462

5. Further, Shaffer in view of Tester, Schneider and Wiget does not disclose the call processing hosts connected to the first and second LANs (or first and/or LAN segments). Sarmiento discloses a device connected to LANs (fig. 2; claim 3). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have the call processing hosts in the invention of Shaffer connect to LANs in order to provide fault tolerance for the LAN communications as is known in the art.

Claims 3-4 and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaffer in view of Tester, Schneider and Wiget, as applied to claim 1 or 15 above, and in further view of Glitho et al. (US 2002/0160810).

6. Regarding claim 3-4 and 18-19, Shaffer in view of Tester and Schneider does not disclose SIP proxy servers or media gateway controllers. However, Glitho recognizes that control devices such as SIP proxy servers, media gateway controllers and H.323 gatekeepers are interchangeable (para. 20). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have a SIP server or a media gateway controller in the invention of Shaffer in view of Tester and Schneider in order to provide a controller compatible with a particular signaling or control protocol as is known in the art (Glitho, para. 20).

Claims 11-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaffer in view of Tester, Schneider and Wiget, as applied to claim 1 above, and in further view of Westfall et al. (US 6,976,087).

7. Regarding claims 11-14, Shaffer in view of Tester and Schneider does not disclose separated LAN segments. Westfall discloses separated LAN segments joined by routers. The segments have different IP subnets. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the

art at the time the invention was made to have separate LAN segments in the invention of Shaffer in view of Tester and Schneider in order to interconnect private LAN segments (Westfall, col. 5, lines 5-6).

Claims 22-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shaffer et al. (US 2005/0058061) in view of Tester et al. (US 7,286,545) and Schneider et al. (US 2004/0063499), Wiget (US 6,640,251), Westfall et al. (US 6,979,087) and Chien et al. (US 2002/0165972).

8. Regarding claims 22-23, Shaffer in view of Tester, Schneider Wiget and Westfall disclose a method for routing packets among between geographically separate processing hosts as noted in the rejection of claims 10-14 above. However, Shaffer in view of White, Gordon and Westfall does not disclose using masking to route packets. Chien discloses using subnet masks to route data packets (para. 60). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to use masking in the invention of Shaffer in view of Tester, Schneider and Westfall in order to properly route data within the network (Chien, para. 60).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin Harper whose telephone number is 571-272-3166. The examiner can normally be reached weekdays from 11:00 AM to 7:00 PM ET.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Seema Rao, can be reached at 571-272-3174. The centralized fax number for the

Application/Control Number: 10/666,217 Page 6

Art Unit: 2462

Patent Office is 571-273-8300. For non-official communications, the examiner's personal fax

number is 571-273-3166 and the examiner's e-mail address is kevin.harper@uspto.gov.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications associated with a customer number is available through Private PAIR only. For

more information about the PAIR system, see portal uspto gov. Should you have questions on

access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-

9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative

or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or

571-272-1000.

/Kevin C. Harper/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2462

January 18, 2011